# The National Surveillance System for Hospital Health Care Workers



Summary Report for data collected from June 1995 through July 1999





### NaSH Summary Report June 1995 – July 1999

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### INTRODUCTION

The tables and figures in this report provide the reader with an understanding of the ability of the NaSH project to describe a variety of occupational health issues within hospitals. This report provides no inferential analysis regarding the differences noted between and within hospitals. These data summarize all exposures reported to the CDC from June 1995, when the NaSH project began, through July 1999, unless otherwise noted.

On selected tables in the report, each participating hospital which submitted data in time to be included in the report is described with a five digit number. These numbers were randomly assigned to each NaSH hospital by the CDC, and each participating hospital is provided with their random number upon request. In this way, each hospital will know which number identifies their hospital, but will be blinded to the identity of other participating hospitals. As the number of participating hospitals increases in the future, comparative tables from different regions of the U.S. will be included so that hospitals may perform regional comparisons.

The next NaSH report will also include data regarding rates of injuries and exposure events, which will allow hospitals to "benchmark" their hospital for selected rates.

# Figure 1. Exposure Types for All Reported Exposures

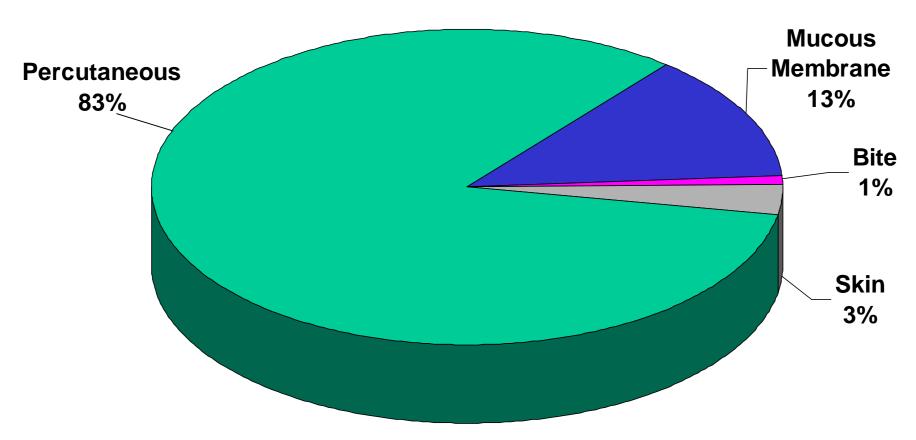


Figure 2. Work Locations of Blood/Body Fluid Exposures (n=5,520)

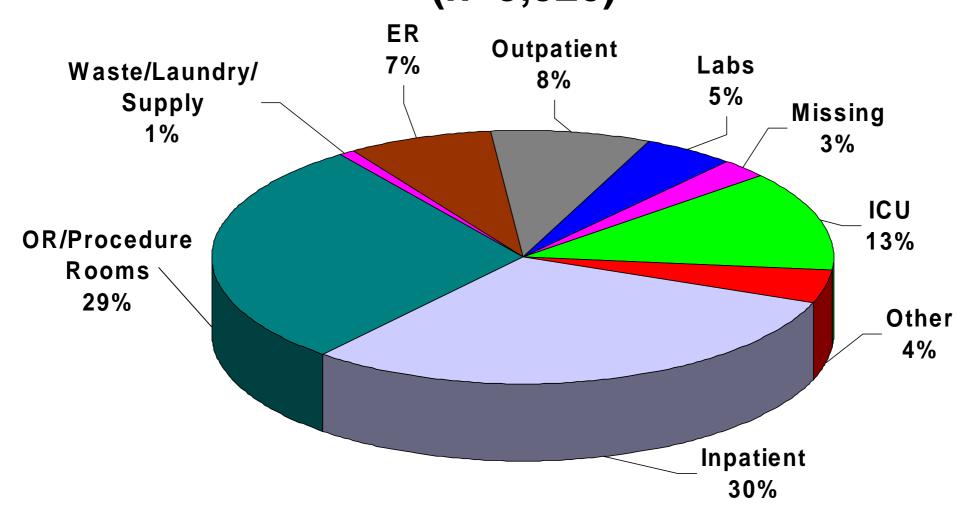


Table 1

#### Work Locations of Blood/Body Fluid Exposures

Hospital	In Patient	OR/Procedure	ICU	ER	Outpatient	Laboratories	W a ste /	Other	Missing	All	Total
		Rooms					Laundry/Supply				
92326	26%	34%	15%	9%	7%	4%	1%	4%	1%	13%	712
64873	20%	21%	8%	8%	12%	11%	2%	17%	0%	2%	123
53424	22%	15%	6%	3%	22%	4%	<1%	28%	0%	5%	267
79449	40%	21%	12%	10%	4%	3%	1%	9%	0%	5%	225
67640	21%	44%	17%	3%	6%	6%	1%	2%	0%	12%	623
92772	42%	31%	12%	5%	3%	6%	1%	1%	0%	2%	127
34550	39%	27%	13%	3%	8%	5%	1%	4%	0%	7%	394
56294	53%	22%	4%	1%	9%	8%	1%	2%	0%	3%	154
69602	37%	40%	3%	7%	13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	30
46529	35%	21%	28%	7%	2%	2%	4%	1%	0%	3%	170
49144	34%	20%	22%	8%	13%	2%	1%	0%	0%	2%	87
39169	31%	33%	14%	9%	8%	4%	0%	1%	0%	4%	213
60257	38%	32%	10%	7%	9%	3%	<1%	1%	0%	11%	578
18451	35%	26%	10%	11%	11%	6%	1%	1%	0%	9%	478
88011	37%	34%	16%	6%	5%	2%	0%	1%	0%	2%	89
44720	21%	34%	3%	19%	10%	4%	1%	8%	0%	4%	209
30360	21%	29%	18%	12%	12%	6%	2%	<1%	0%	6%	313
58025	43%	23%	14%	9%	2%	8%	1%	1%	1%	6%	345
35441	28%	34%	10%	7%	9%	4%	1%	7%	0%	2%	129
84568	29%	24%	24%	4%	13%	1%	4%	3%	0%	1%	80
47990	0%	0%	20%	0%	20%	60%	0%	0%	0%	<1%	5
50981	20%	20%	27%	7%	20%	7%	0%	0%	0%	<1%	15
76167	36%	21%	0%	21%	0%	0%	0%	21%	0%	<1%	14

Figure 3. Occupational Groups of HCWs Exposed to Blood/Body Fluids

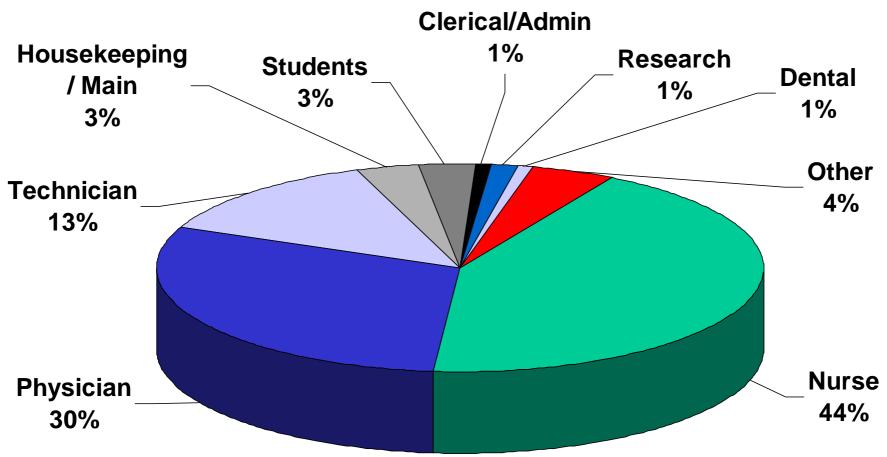


Table 2

#### Occupational Groups of HCWs Exposed to Blood/Body Fluids by Hospital

					, o z o j					
Hospital	Nurse	Physician	Technician	House/Maint	Students	Clerical/Admin	Research	Dental	Other	AII
92326	47%	26%	14%	4%	2%	2%	<1%	<1%	4%	785
64873	55%	6%	28%	7%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	3%	123
53424	27%	37%	6%	2%	17%	0%	2%	8%	2%	267
79449	30%	46%	11%	5%	<1%	3%	0%	<1%	5%	225
67640	43%	36%	13%	4%	0%	<1%	1%	0%	2%	623
92772	59%	2%	30%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	127
34550	51%	21%	14%	1%	8%	<1%	<1%	3%	1%	394
56294	54%	12%	6%	7%	<1%	3%	10%	0%	8%	154
69602	67%	3%	30%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	30
46529	48%	17%	21%	11%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	170
49144	54%	13%	13%	3%	6%	0%	0%	1%	10%	87
39169	47%	26%	15%	2%	4%	0%	<1%	2%	4%	213
60257	47%	28%	12%	3%	5%	<1%	<1%	0%	4%	578
18451	34%	42%	9%	2%	2%	<1%	<1%	<1%	9%	478
88011	43%	22%	15%	3%	0%	2%	0%	0%	15%	89
44720	24%	38%	11%	0%	11%	<1%	10%	<1%	13%	209
30360	38%	44%	12%	4%	0%	<1%	<1%	0%	<1%	313
58025	48%	31%	13%	3%	0%	2%	2%	0%	2%	412
35441	30%	33%	16%	5%	6%	0%	2%	5%	4%	129
84568	59%	15%	6%	3%	3%	0%	13%	3%	0%	80
47990	0%	60%	0%	0%	40%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5
50981	27%	47%	0%	7%	7%	0%	0%	0%	13%	15
76167	50%	7%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	14

# Figure 4. Device Types for Percutaneous Injuries (n=4,569)

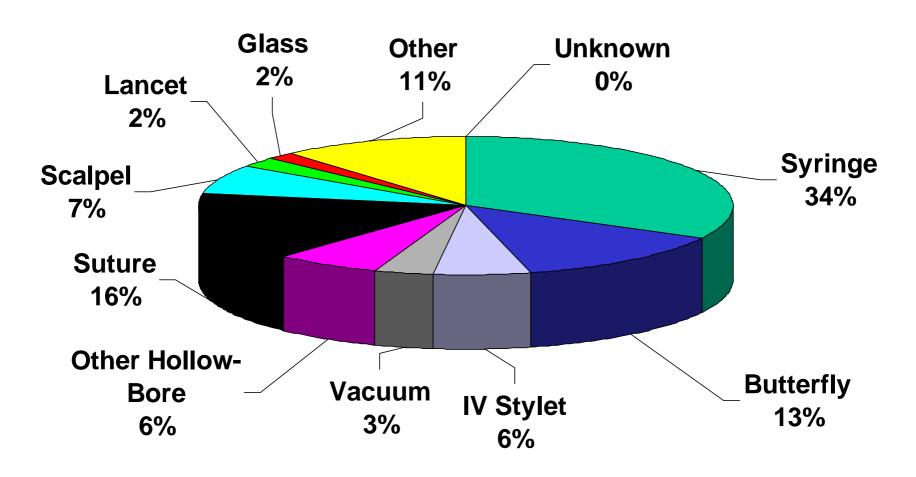


Table 3

# Device Types for all Percutaneous Injuries by Hospital

(n=4,569)

Hospital	Syringe	Butterfly	IV stylet	Vacuum	Other HB	Suture	Scalpel	Lancet	Glass	Other	Unknown	Total
92326	32%	14%	5%	1%	4%	17%	7%	5%	2%	14%	0%	633
64873	31%	4%	1%	2%	19%	8%	6%	4%	2%	23%	1%	107
53424	40%	9%	1%	<1%	3%	16%	11%	4%	1%	16%	0%	232
79449	21%	10%	3%	8%	13%	14%	10%	5%	2%	14%	0%	175
67640	32%	5%	2%	2%	10%	25%	8%	1%	2%	12%	<1%	484
92772	17%	4%	15%	20%	11%	8%	6%	5%	1%	13%	0%	112
34550	45%	8%	8%	1%	5%	10%	6%	5%	1%	14%	0%	345
56294	67%	8%	1%	4%	2%	11%	3%	0%	1%	3%	0%	145
69602	68%	0%	14%	0%	0%	11%	4%	0%	4%	0%	0%	28
46529	36%	18%	5%	3%	2%	11%	6%	10%	2%	10%	0%	149
49144	33%	14%	16%	4%	3%	10%	9%	1%	1%	7%	0%	69
39169	26%	15%	6%	4%	6%	23%	7%	3%	3%	7%	0%	178
60257	25%	30%	8%	2%	5%	14%	6%	1%	1%	8%	0%	510
18451	33%	22%	8%	3%	6%	15%	4%	1%	2%	6%	0%	401
88011	13%	19%	19%	4%	11%	13%	9%	0%	5%	8%	0%	79
44720	28%	10%	5%	4%	1%	28%	4%	1%	2%	17%	0%	145
30360	32%	9%	4%	4%	8%	22%	9%	1%	2%	9%	0%	254
58025	34%	13%	8%	5%	9%	9%	7%	1%	2%	11%	0%	330
35441	32%	6%	5%	5%	5%	15%	11%	5%	1%	14%	0%	110
84568	45%	2%	0%	16%	2%	14%	2%	2%	0%	19%	0%	58
47990	33%	0%	0%	33%	0%	0%	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3
50981	7%	14%	0%	7%	14%	29%	14%	7%	0%	0%	7%	14
76167	38%	0%	0%	0%	13%	13%	0%	13%	0%	25%	0%	8

# Figure 5. Purpose of Hollow-Bore Needles Involved in Percutaneous Injuries (n=2,826)

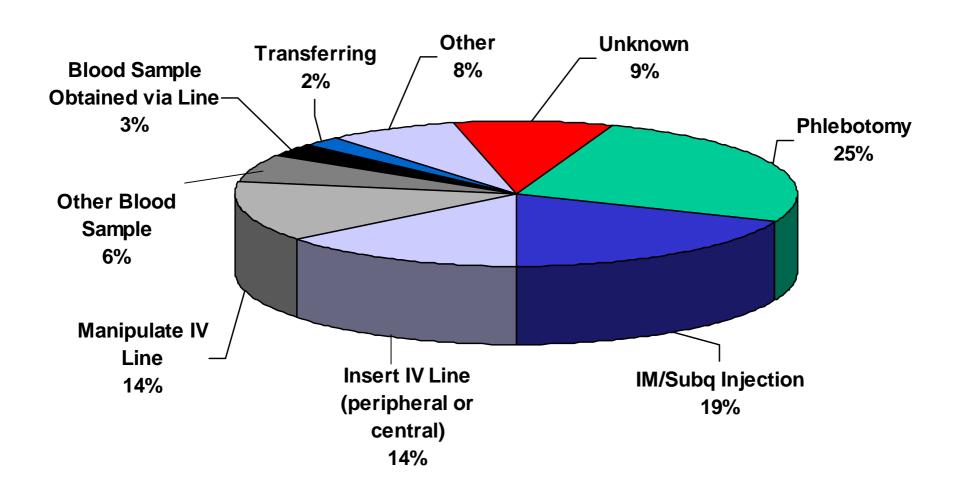


Table 4

# Purpose of Hollow-Bore Needles Involved in Percutaneous Injuries by Hospital (n=2,826)

Hospital	Phlebotomy		Insert IV Line	-		<b>-</b>	Transferring	Other	Unknown	All
		Injection	\i	IV Line	Sample	Obtained				
			or central)			via Line				
92326	24%	33%	12%	6%	4%	2%	1%	9%	10%	351
64873	17%	0%	15%	20%	2%	0%	3%	17%	27%	60
53424	26%	29%	13%	11%	6%	0%	4%	9%	2%	122
79449	23%	7%	10%	24%	13%	1%	3%	7%	11%	97
67640	15%	24%	12%	12%	4%	4%	3%	14%	13%	250
92772	29%	5%	24%	7%	11%	0%	7%	8%	9%	75
34550	12%	13%	13%	40%	3%	3%	2%	3%	11%	231
56294	8%	8%	16%	40%	3%	0%	1%	8%	17%	119
69602	26%	30%	17%	13%	0%	4%	0%	9%	0%	23
46529	28%	11%	9%	25%	6%	3%	6%	2%	8%	96
49144	29%	12%	27%	8%	0%	10%	0%	8%	6%	49
39169	36%	23%	14%	3%	8%	0%	3%	5%	8%	100
60257	42%	13%	12%	10%	5%	3%	1%	5%	10%	358
18451	33%	16%	15%	7%	9%	3%	2%	9%	6%	292
88011	31%	4%	21%	12%	4%	0%	0%	15%	13%	52
44720	25%	28%	10%	10%	7%	4%	3%	4%	9%	69
30360	26%	23%	10%	9%	10%	3%	3%	13%	3%	145
58025	17%	20%	20%	16%	9%	5%	2%	6%	6%	229
35441	19%	20%	17%	7%	8%	2%	2%	17%	8%	59
84568	38%	19%	0%	14%	14%	5%	3%	3%	5%	37
47990	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	2
50981	50%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	6
76167	25%	25%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	4

Figure 6. Percutaneous Injuries Associated with Safety Devices (n=195)

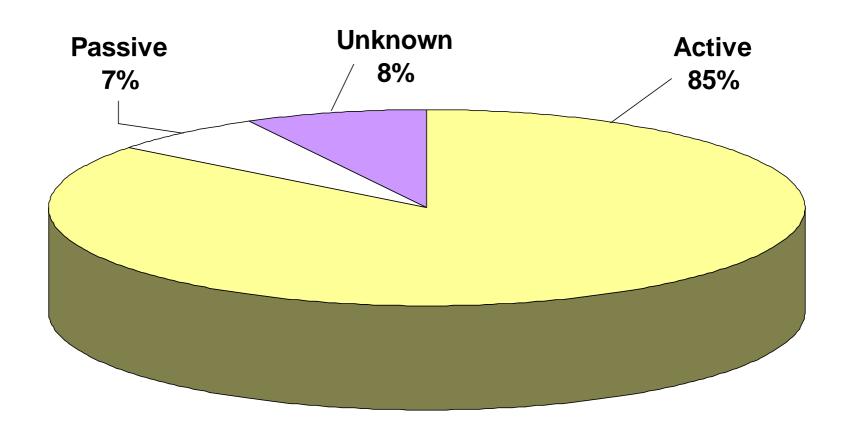
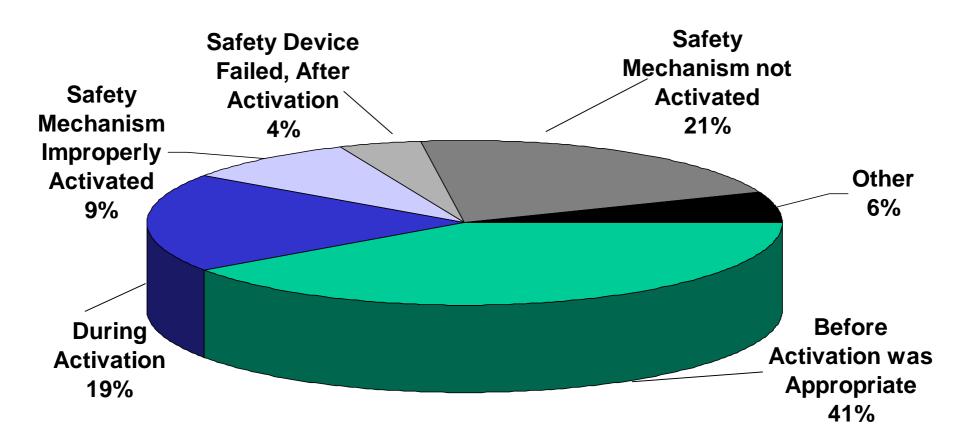
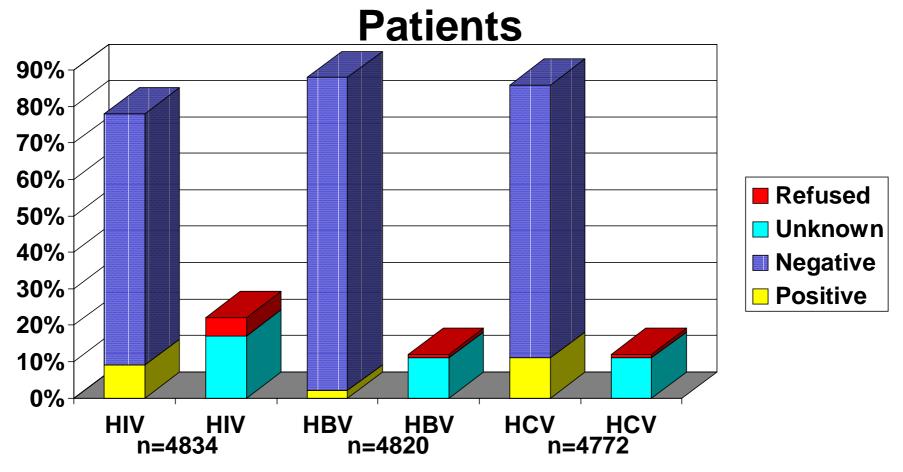


Figure 7. Circumstances of Injuries Involving Active Safety Devices (n=167)

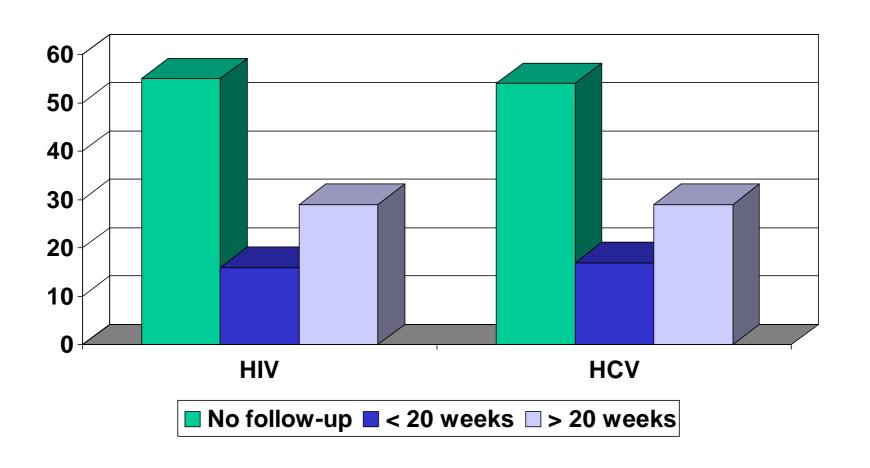


# Figure 8. Distribution of Bloodborne Pathogen Status for 5,251 Known Source



160 (3.0%) were coinfected with HIV and HCV

Figure 9. HCWs Tested after an Exposure to an Infected Source Patient



HCWs w	HCWs with No Follow-up Testing after Exposure to a Source Patient										
	Infected with HIV by Hospital										
Hospital	Exposures	to Source	Numbe	r and Perce	entage of HCWs						
	Patients with HIV		who did	who did not have Follow-up Tes							
92326	63			2	3%						
64873	4			4	100%						
53424	23			22	96%						
79449	26			26	100%						
67640	20			6	30%						
92772	2			0	0%						
34550	8			0	0%						
56294	1			1	100%						
46529	3			1	33%						
49144	1			0	0%						
60257	31			15	48%						
18451	82			0	0%						
88011	2			0	0%						
44720	46			27	59%						
30360	28			5	18%						
58025	45			8	18%						
76167	2			1	50%						
TOTAL	387			118	30%						

HCWs v	HCWs with No Follow-up Testing After Expousre to a Source Patient									
		· ·	cted with H	•						
Hospital	Exposure	s to Source	Number a	and Percent	age of HCWs who					
	Patients	with HCV	did n	did not have Follow-up Testing						
92326	73			1	1%					
64873	2			2	100%					
53424	34			33	97%					
79449	20			4	20%					
67640	31			6	19%					
92772	4			0	0%					
34550	6			1	17%					
56294	2			0	0%					
46529	6			3	50%					
49144	1			0	0%					
39169	9			8	89%					
60257	78			21	27%					
18451	56			1	2%					
88011	4			0	0%					
44720	55			28	51%					
30360	15			2	13%					
58025	40			0	0%					
35441	6			6	100%					
84568	8			3	38%					
47990	1			1	100%					
50981	2			0	0%					
76167	2			0	0%					
TOTAL	455			120	26%					

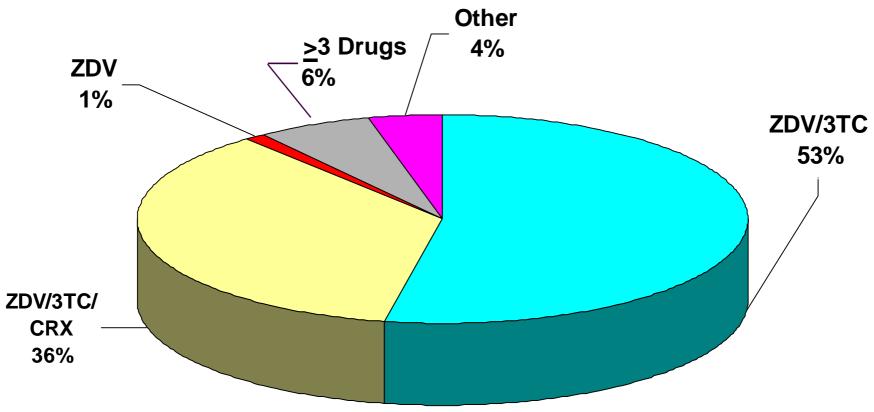
# Figure 10. PEP Use after Occupational Exposures to Known Source Patients by Source Patient HIV Serostatus After June 30, 1996

	<b>Initiated PEP</b>	Completed PEP**
HIV Positive	201/343 (59%)	86/177 (49%)
<b>HIV Negative*</b>	451/3059 (15%)	38/416 (9%)
Unknown/Missing	234/958 (24%)	44/180 (24%)
TOTAL	886/4360 (20%)	168/773 (22%)

<sup>\*</sup> For most HIV negative source patients, the source patient serostatus was not known at the time of the exposure.

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;Completion" of PEP is those HCWs who were described by the hospital as completing PEP therapy, even though many of these HCWs did not take 28 days of PEP as recommended by CDC.

# Figure 11. Use of HIV PEP Drugs July 1996-June 1999 (n=742)



# Reasons for not Completing PEP

- 219 (36%) Source patient was HIV negative
- 136 (23%) Adverse signs or symptoms
- 37 (6%) HCW choice
- 23 (4%) Possible anti-retroviral resistance
- 11 (2%) Laboratory results
- 10 (2%) Lost to follow-up

# **PEP Toxicity**

- Of 886 HCWs who initiated PEP, 742 (84%) had a drug form completed.
- 244 HCWs reported they had symptoms; however, information on the type of symptoms was available for 149 HCWs.
- Of the 299 HCWs who had a completed follow-up form within two months, the 7 most commonly reported symptoms were nausea (31%), malaise/fatigue (29%), emotional distress(12%), headache (11%), loss of appetite (8%), diarrhea (7%), and vomiting (7%).

# Rates of Needlestick Injury Reporting by Occupation, 1998

Occupational Groups	Reporting Rates
Surgeons Other MDs Nurses Technicians Housekeepers Phlebotomists	27% 49% 42% 67% 66%
Phlebotomists  Overall	53% 39%

## Rates of Needlestick Injury Reporting by Hospital, 1998

Hospital	Number of Survey	Number of Respondents	Reporting
	Respondents	with at least One Injury	Rate
92326	1007	55	58%
64873	332	47	45%
79449	603	59	53%
67640	931	203	29%
92772	521	57	47%
34550	1018	130	49%
56294	1148	201	24%
60257	841	78	55%
18451	3733	124	66%
88011	1017	53	82%
30360	1156	117	42%
58025	1517	64	40%
47990	431	23	43%
		Overall Reporting Rate	42%

\*Hospitals with less than 300 survey respondents were omitted from this table.

Table 11

	HCW Immune Status for Hepatitis B Virus by Hospital										
lospital	ACIP*	Self-reported	Vaccination	Exempt	Declined	Contraindicated	Not in OSHA	Unknown	Total		
	lm m une	Vaccination	In Progress				Risk Category				
92326	62%	15%	5%	<1%	2%	0%	27%	6%	11,068		
64873	38%	23%	2%	0%	35%	<1%	<1%	2%	2,036		
79449	61%	4%	4%	0%	14%	0%	0%	17%	1,254		
67640	74%	20%	4%	0%	1%	0%	<1%	1%	536		
92772	39%	33%	6%	0%	9%	<1%	17%	3%	1,559		
34550	60%	21%	6%	0%	<1%	0%	10%	9%	1,263		
56294	57%	1%	4%	0%	<1%	<1%	35%	23%	2,166		
69602	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	32		
46529	61%	29%	8%	0%	<1%	0%	<1%	1%	166		
49144	63%	38%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	40		
60257	35%	21%	2%	<1%	6%	<1%	27%	18%	4,089		
18451	73%	<1%	3%	0%	12%	<1%	18%	8%	7,010		
88011	78%	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	28%	6%	1,862		
30360	37%	18%	2%	0%	1%	0%	27%	25%	6,588		
58025	59%	10%	10%	0%	10%	<1%	23%	2%	8,061		
35441	81%	5%	5%	<1%	3%	0%	27%	1%	1,483		
84568	24%	63%	4%	0%	4%	0%	0%	6%	72		
47990	67%	23%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	478		
76167	33%	22%	4%	0%	39%	<1%	0%	2%	1,282		

<sup>\*</sup>ACIP Immune= documented vaccination and not vaccinated due to previous infection/immunity.

HCWs not in OSHA category were not included in the denominator

Т	Two-step TSTs by Hospital											
Hospital	Boosters	Negative	Uninterpretable/	Total								
			Incomplete									
92326	9	3409	1563	4981								
64873	0	36	1	37								
79449	8	193	5	206								
92772	1	389	30	420								
56294	0	37	177	214								
60257	2	81	784	867								
18451	2	258	86	346								
88011	5	338	25	368								
30360	8	447	478	933								
58025	20	1131	5	1156								
35441	2	54	2	58								
76167	0	10	0	10								
All	57	6383	3156	9596								

Exposures to Vaccine-Preventable Diseases								
Disease	Exposure		HCWs	HCWs	HCWs with			
	Events	Exposed	Susceptible	Evaluated	Disease as	Days Lost		
					Outcome			
Varicella	60	919	26	50	5	211		
Disseminated	12	143	4	2	1	9		
Herpes zoster								
Localized	6	49	2	4	0	4		
Herpes zoster								
Pertussis	5	98	98	65	0	0		
Flu-like	4	57	50	41	0	0		
Illness								
TOTAL	87	1266	180	162	20	224		

MEAGLEG							
			ASLES				
Hospital	ACIP Immune*	In Progress	Self-Reported	Other	Unknown	TOTAL	
			IIIness/Vaccine				
92326	99%	1%	0%	<1%	<1%	11071	
64873	63%	0%	33%	0%	4%	1521	
79449	96%	0%	1%	0%	3%	1254	
67640	96%	0%	<1%	<1%	2%	506	
92772	50%	0%	48%	0%	3%	1573	
34550	61%	0%	31%	<1%	8%	1248	
56294	92%	2%	<1%	<1%	5%	2238	
69602	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	32	
46529	95%	0%	5%	0%	0%	167	
49144	92%	0%	8%	0%	0%	24	
60257	85%	<1%	13%	<1%	1%	4164	
18451	98%	<1%	0%	0%	2%	7128	
88011	93%	0%	0%	<1%	8%	1962	
30360	63%	<1%	18%	<1%	20%	6600	
58025	97%	0%	2%	0%	<1%	10525	
35441	1%	0%	85%	0%	14%	1485	
47990	60%	<1%	40%	0%	<1%	1225	
*^ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Immuno for Massiss	/Mumana lasa	una by Carala	(C) 1 lmm mm :	no by Door	nonte d	
	Immune for Measles, accination (DV)+Imm	-			-		

**Table 15** \_\_\_\_\_

HCW Immunostatus for Vaccine-Preventable Diseases by Hospital							
MUMPS							
Hospital	ACIP Immune*	In Progress	Self-Reported	Other	Unknown	TOTAL	
			Illness/Vaccine				
92326	87%	<1%	<1%	<1%	12%	11066	
64873	54%	0%	40%	0%	6%	1341	
79449	44%	0%	33%	0%	23%	1255	
67640	95%	0%	2%	<1%	3%	520	
92772	48%	0%	48%	0%	4%	1574	
34550	61%	<1%	31%	<1%	8%	1253	
56294	88%	8%	0%	0%	5%	107	
69602	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	32	
46529	88%	0%	10%	0%	2%	127	
49144	92%	0%	8%	0%	0%	24	
60257	50%	<1%	39%	0%	11%	4151	
18451	59%	<1%	<1%	0%	40%	6966	
88011	69%	0%	0%	0%	31%	1670	
30360	73%	0%	6%	<1%	21%	6596	
58025	99%	0%	1%	<1%	<1%	7148	
35441	<1%	0%	70%	0%	29%	1484	
47990	60%	0%	40%	0%	0%	1223	
	Immune for Measles accination (DV)+Imm	-			-		
	\$Hospitals with les	s than 10 obs	ervations were on	nitted from	this table.		

HCW Immunostatus for Vaccine-Preventable Diseases by Hospital							
RUBELLA							
Hospital	ACIP Immune**	In Progress	Self-Reported	Other	Unknown	TOTAL	
			Illness/Vaccine				
92326	99%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	11069	
64873	76%	<1%	13%	5%	6%	1575	
79449	94%	<1%	1%	0%	4%	1254	
67640	95%	0%	<1%	<1%	4%	507	
92772	79%	0%	18%	<1%	3%	1583	
34550	60%	0%	29%	<1%	10%	1242	
56294	97%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2243	
69602	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	32	
46529	96%	0%	4%	0%	0%	164	
49144	96%	0%	4%	0%	0%	24	
60257	88%	<1%	10%	<1%	2%	4158	
18451	99%	<1%	0%	<1%	1%	7148	
88011	98%	0%	0%	<1%	2%	2014	
30360	54%	0%	6%	<1%	40%	6597	
58025	98%	0%	<1%	0%	2%	10927	
35441	<1%	0%	51%	<1%	48%	1484	
47990	100%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	1192	
-	*	*ACIP Immune	e for Rubella=S+l	DV			
	фі і і і і і і	11 10 1			41: 4.11		
	\$Hospitals with les	s than 10 obs	ervations were on	nitted from	this table.		

		VAR	ICELLA			
Hospital	ACIP Immune***	In Progress	Self-Reported	Other	Unknown	TOTAL
			Illness/Vaccine			
92326	98%	<1%	<1%	<1%	1%	11069
64873	92%	0%	3%	<1%	5%	1303
79449	93%	0%	<1%	<1%	6%	1254
67640	96%	0%	1%	0%	3%	507
92772	90%	0%	<1%	0%	9%	1535
34550	94%	<1%	<1%	<1%	5%	1237
56294	98%	<1%	0%	0%	2%	2228
69602	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	32
46529	98%	1%	1%	0%	0%	165
49144	94%	0%	0%	0%	6%	18
60257	70%	<1%	2%	0%	28%	4095
18451	97%	<1%	<1%	<1%	3%	7141
88011	95%	0%	<1%	0%	5%	2006
30360	59%	<1%	<1%	<1%	41%	6588
58025	91%	<1%	<1%	<1%	8%	10828
35441	78%	0%	9%	0%	13%	1494
47990	91%	0%	9%	0%	0%	1211
	***ACIP Immune	for Varicella=	S+DV+DI+Self-Re	eported IIIr	ness (RI)	